- 6. Let $\ell_1 = 1.5 \,\mathrm{m}$ and $\ell_2 = 5.0 1.5 = 3.5 \,\mathrm{m}$. We denote the tension in the cable closer to the window as F_1 and that in the other cable as F_2 . The force of gravity on the scaffold itself (of magnitude $m_s g$) is at its midpoint, $\ell_3 = 2.5 \,\mathrm{m}$ from either end.
 - (a) Taking torques about the end of the plank farthest from the window washer, we find

$$F_1 = \frac{m_w g \ell_2 + m_s g \ell_3}{\ell_1 + \ell_2} = \frac{(80 \text{ kg}) (9.8 \text{ m/s}^2) (3.5 \text{ m}) + (60 \text{ kg}) (9.8 \text{ m/s}^2) (2.5 \text{ m})}{5.0 \text{ m}} = 8.4 \times 10^2 \text{ N}.$$

(b) Equilibrium of forces leads to

$$F_1 + F_2 = m_s g + m_w g = (60 \text{ kg} + 80 \text{ kg}) (9.8 \text{ m/s}^2) = 1.4 \times 10^3 \text{ N}$$

which (using our result from part (a)) yields $F_2 = 5.3 \times 10^2 \,\mathrm{N}$.