

36. (a) Using Table 11-2(c), the rotational inertia is

$$I = \frac{1}{2}mR^2 = \frac{1}{2}(1210 \text{ kg}) \left(\frac{1.21 \text{ m}}{2} \right)^2 = 221 \text{ kg}\cdot\text{m}^2 .$$

(b) The rotational kinetic energy is, by Eq. 11-27,

$$\begin{aligned} K &= \frac{1}{2}I\omega^2 \\ &= \frac{1}{2} (2.21 \times 10^2 \text{ kg}\cdot\text{m}^2) ((1.52 \text{ rev/s})(2\pi \text{ rad/rev}))^2 \\ &= 1.10 \times 10^4 \text{ J} . \end{aligned}$$