- 74. We choose \hat{i} East and \hat{j} North, and use SI units (kg for mass and m/s for speed). The initially moving tin cookie has mass $m_1 = 2.0$ and velocity $\vec{v}_0 = 8.0\,\hat{i}$, and the initially stationary cookie tin has mass $m_2 = 4.0$.
 - (a) Momentum conservation leads to

$$m_1 \vec{v}_0 = m_1 \vec{v}_1 + m_2 \vec{v}_2$$

 $16 \hat{i} = 8 \cos(37^\circ) \hat{i} + 8 \sin(37^\circ) \hat{j} + (4.0) \vec{v}_2$

which leads to

$$\vec{v}_2 = 2.4\,\hat{i} - 1.2\,\hat{j} \implies \vec{v}_2 = (2.7 \angle 27^\circ)$$

where magnitude-angle notation is used. Thus, the speed of the cookie tin is $2.7~\mathrm{m/s}$.

(b) And its angle is $\tan^{-1}(-1.2/2.4) = -27^{\circ}$ which can be expressed as 27° south of east.