- 44. We use SI units so m = 0.030 kg and d = 0.12 m.
 - (a) Since there is no change in height (and we assume no changes in elastic potential energy), then $\Delta U=0$ and we have

$$\Delta E_{\rm mech} = \Delta K = -\frac{1}{2} m v_0^2 = -3.8 \times 10^3 \ \mathrm{J}$$

where $v_0 = 500$ m/s and the final speed is zero.

(b) By Eq. 8-31 (with W=0) we have $\Delta E_{\rm th}=3.8\times 10^3\,{\rm J},$ which implies

$$f = \frac{\Delta E_{\rm th}}{d} = 3.1 \times 10^4 \text{ N}$$

using Eq. 8-29 with f_k replaced by f (effectively generalizing that equation to include a greater variety of dissipative forces than just those obeying Eq. 6-2).