50. (a) In the work-kinetic energy theorem, we include both the work due to an applied force W_a and work done by gravity W_g in order to find the latter quantity.

$$\Delta K = W_a + W_g \implies 30 = (100)(1.8)\cos 180^{\circ} + W_g$$

leading to $W_g = 210$ J.

(b) The value of W_g obtained in part (a) still applies since the weight and the path of the child remain the same, so $\Delta K = W_g = 210$ J.