Theoretical Computer Science (2nd Test) (Duration: 1h30m + 30m)

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- 1. A palindrome is a possibly empty word that reads the same in both directions. For example, 10101 and 11 are palindromes over the alphabet $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$. Give an inductive definition of the set of all palindromes over Σ .
- 2. Consider the language defined by the regular expression E over the alphabet $\Sigma = \{ping, pong\}$:

(ping pong + ping pong pong)*(ping + pong)

- (a) Justify if the word ping pong pong $\in L(E)$.
- (b) Justify if the word ping pong ping pong $\in L(E)$.
- (c) Define a non-deterministic finite automaton (NFA) accepting the language specified by the expression E. Explain if the NFA you produced is indeed non-deterministic.
- (d) Based on the NFA you defined in (c), define a deterministic finite automaton (DFA) accepting the same language.
- 3. Consider the alphabet

 $\Sigma = \{ \texttt{mkdir_filename}, \texttt{cd_filename}, \texttt{cd}_{\dots}, \texttt{not_found} \}$

and the grammar $G = \langle V, \Sigma, S, R \rangle$ where $V = \{S, T\}$ and R has the rules:

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\begin{array}{rcl} S & \to & \texttt{mkdir_filename} \ S \\ S & \to & \texttt{cd_filename} \ T \\ T & \to & \texttt{not_found} \ S \\ T & \to & S \ \texttt{cd_...} \\ S & \to & \epsilon \end{array}
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(a) Check if the next sentence is derivable in G (write a derivation if it is):

cd_filename notfound cd_filename mkdir_filename cd_...

(b) Check if the grammar above is LL(1). If possible, give the transition table for the deterministic syntactic analyser. Otherwise, explain were there might be a parsing conflict.